

SELECTIVE RACK

Selective Rack is the most commonly used rack. Its cost-effective design allows for the maximum number of SKU facings. Selective Rack accommodates flexibility in slotting design. The most common selective rack is single deep. Selective Rack is ideal for low turnover, high SKU stock.



Advantages

- Low cost/pallet position
- Full selectivity/direct access to each pallet
- Ease of adjustability
- Easily configured to any load size

Disadvantages

- Low density
- Poor use of cubic space

DOUBLE DEEP REACH

Double deep racking is very similar to selective racking but stores two rows deep instead of one. Pallet access in double deep systems is Last In First Out (LIFO) and is well suited for stock that has a longer shelf life (non-perishable.)

Advantages

- Increased storage capacity
- Fewer aisles than single selective
- Reduced aisle widths
- Faster pallet handling time
- Reduced pallet damage

Disadvantages

- Requires specialized forklift
- Reduced selectivity compared to single deep
- Reduced pick times

